

B.Tech. II - I Sem.

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(13A54302) MATHEMATICS – III

Course Objective:

- To enable the students to understand the mathematical concepts of special functions & complex variables and their applications in science and engineering.

Learning Outcome:

- The student achieves the knowledge to analysis the problems using the methods of special functions and complex variables.

UNIT I

Special Functions: Gamma and Beta Functions – their properties – Evaluation of improper integrals. Series Solutions of ordinary differential equations (Power series and Frobenius Method).

UNIT II

Bessel functions – Properties – Recurrence relations – Orthogonality. Legendre polynomials – Properties – Rodrigue’s formula – Recurrence relations – Orthogonality.

UNIT III

Functions of a complex variable – Continuity – Differentiability – Analyticity – Properties – Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates. Harmonic and conjugate harmonic functions – Milne – Thompson method.

Conformal mapping: Transformation of e^z , $\ln z$, z^2 , $\sin z$, $\cos z$, Bilinear transformation - Translation, rotation, magnification and inversion – Fixed point – Cross ratio – Determination of bilinear transformation.

UNIT IV

Complex integration: Line integral – Evaluation along a path and by indefinite integration – Cauchy’s integral theorem – Cauchy’s integral formula – Generalized integral formula.

Complex power series: Radius of convergence – Expansion in Taylor’s series, Maclaurin’s series and Laurent series. Singular point – Isolated singular point – Pole of order m – Essential singularity.

UNIT V

Residue – Evaluation of residue by formula and by Laurent series – Residue theorem. Evaluation of integrals of the type

(a) improper real integrals $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x)dx$

(b) $\int_c^{c+2\pi} f(\cos \theta, \sin \theta)d\theta$

(c) $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{imx} f(x)dx$

Text Books:

- Higher Engineering Mathematics, B.S.Grewal, Khanna publishers.
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Peter V.O’Neil, CENGAGE publisher.

Reference Books:

- Mathematics III by T.K.V. Iyengar, S.Chand publications.
- Engineering Mathematics, Volume - III, E. Rukmangadachari & E. Keshava Reddy, Pearson Publisher.
- Complex variables by Raisinghanian
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics by M.C. Potter, J.L. Goldberg, Edward F.Aboufadel, and Oxford.

(13A04301) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS**Course Objective:**

- To give understanding on semiconductor physics of the intrinsic, p and n materials, characteristics of the p-n junction diode, diode's application in electronic circuits, Characteristics of BJT, FET, MOSFET, characteristics of special purpose electronic devices.
- To familiarize students with DC biasing circuits of BJT, FET and analyzing basic transistor amplifier circuits.

Learning Outcome:

Upon completion of the course, students will:

- Analyze the operating principles of major electronic devices, its characteristics and applications.
- Design and analyze the DC bias circuitry of BJT and FET.
- Design and analyze basic transistor amplifier circuits using BJT and FET.

UNIT I**PN JUNCTION DIODE & ITS APPLICATIONS:**

Review of semi conductor Physics n and p –type semi conductors, Mass Action Law, Continuity Equation, Hall Effect, Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, PN Diode Equation, Volt-Ampere (V-I) Characteristics, Temperature Dependence of V-I Characteristics, Ideal Versus Practical Static and Dynamic Resistances, Diode Equivalent circuits, Break down Mechanisms in semiconductor Diodes, Zener Diode Characteristics. PN Junction as a Rectifier, Half wave rectifier, ripple factor, full wave rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Harmonic components in a rectifier circuit, Inductor filter, Capacitor filter, L- section filter, π - section filter, Use of Zener Diode as a Regulator, Illustrative problems.

UNIT II

TRANSISTOR AND FET CHARECTERISTICS: Transistor construction, BJT Operation, BJT Symbol, Transistor as an Amplifier, Common Emitter, Common Base and Common Collector Configurations, Limits of Operation, BJT Specifications, The Junction Field Effect Transistor (Construction, Principle of Operation, Symbol) - Pinch-Off Voltage – Volt-Ampere Characteristics, FET as Voltage Variable Resistor, Comparison between BJT and FET, MOSFET- Basic Concepts, Construction, modes(depletion & enhancement), symbol, principle of operation, characteristics.

UNIT III

BIASING AND STABILISATION: Operating Point, DC and AC Load Lines, Importance of Biasing, Fixed Bias, Collector to Base Bias, Self Bias, Bias Stability, Stabilization against Variations in I_{CO} , V_{BE} and β , Bias Compensation Using Diodes and Transistors, Thermal Runaway, Condition for Thermal Stability in CE configuration, Biasing of FET – Source self bias, Biasing for zero current Drift, Biasing against Devices variation, Illustrative problems.

UNIT IV**SMALL SIGNAL ANALYSIS OF AMPLIFIERS (BJT & FET):**

BJT Modeling using h-parameters, Determination of h-Parameters from Transistor Characteristics, Measurement of h-Parameters, Analysis of CE, CB and CC configurations using h-Parameters, Comparison of CB, CE and CC configurations, Simplified Hybrid Model, Millers Theorem, Dual of Millers Theorem. Small Signal Model of JFET & MOSFET ,Small signal analysis of Common Source, and Common Drain Amplifiers using FET, Illustrative problems.

UNIT V

SPECIAL PURPOSE ELECTRONIC DEVICES:

Principle of Operation, and Characteristics of Tunnel Diode, Varactor Diode, Schottky Barrier Diode, Silicon Control Rectifier, Diac, Triac & Uni-Junction Transistor (UJT), Semiconductor photo devices - LDR, LED, Photo diodes & Photo transistors.

Text Books:

1. J. Millman and Christos.C. Halkias, Satyabrata, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", TMH Third edition, 2012,
2. K. Lal kishore, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", BSP. 2nd edition, 2005,

Reference Books:

1. R.L. Boylestad, "Introductory Circuit Analysis", PEARSON, 12th edition, 2013
2. B.P. Singh and Rekha Singh, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", PEARSON, 2nd Edition 2013.
3. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Oxford University press, 5th Edition, 2008,.
4. Mohammad H. Rashid, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", CENGAGE Learning
5. N. Salivahanan, and N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", TMH, 3rd Edition, 2012
6. A. S. Sedra and K. C. Smith, "Microelectronic Circuits", Oxford University Press, 5th Ed.

(13A04302) SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Course Objective:

- To study about signals and systems.
- To do analysis of signals & systems (continuous and discrete) using time domain & frequency domain methods.
- To understand the stability of systems through the concept of ROC.
- To know various transform techniques in the analysis of signals and systems.

Learning Outcome:

- For integro-differential equations, the students will have the knowledge to make use of Laplace transforms.
- For continuous time signals the students will make use of Fourier transform and Fourier series.
- For discrete time signals the students will make use of Z transforms.
- The concept of convolution is useful for analysis in the areas of linear systems and communication theory.

UNIT I

Signals and Systems: Continuous-Time and Discrete-Time Signals, Transformations of the Independent Variable, Exponential and Sinusoidal Signals, the Unit Impulse and Unit Step Functions, Continuous-Time and Discrete-Time Systems, Basic System Properties, Linear Time-Invariant Systems - Discrete-Time LTI Systems, The Convolution Sum, Continuous-Time LTI Systems - The Convolution Integral, Properties of Linear Time-Invariant Systems, Causal LTI Systems Described by Differential and Difference Equations, Singularity Functions.

UNIT II

Fourier Series Representation of Periodic Signals: The Response of LTI Systems to Complex Exponentials. Fourier Series Representation of Continuous-Time Periodic Signals, Convergence of the Fourier Series, Properties of Continuous-Time Fourier Series, Fourier Series Representation of Discrete-Time Periodic Signals, Properties of Discrete-Time Fourier Series, Fourier Series and LTI Systems, Filtering - Examples of Continuous-Time Filters Described by Differential Equations, Examples of Discrete-Time Filters Described by Difference Equations.

UNIT III

The Continuous-Time Fourier Transform: Representation of Aperiodic Signals, The Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, The Fourier Transform for Periodic Signals, Properties of the Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, The Convolution Property, Fourier Properties and Basic Fourier Transform Pairs, Systems characterized by Linear constant coefficient differential equations, The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform - Representation of Aperiodic Signals, The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform, The Convolution Property, Fourier Transform Properties and Basic Fourier Transform Pairs, Duality, Systems Characterized by Linear Constant-Coefficient Difference Equations.

UNIT IV

Time & Frequency Characterization of Signals and Systems: The Magnitude-Phase Representation of the Fourier Transform, The Magnitude-Phase Representation of the Frequency Response of LTI Systems, Time-Domain Properties of Ideal Frequency-Selective Filters, Time-Domain and Frequency-Domain Aspects of Non-ideal Filters, First-Order and Second-Order

Continuous-Time Systems, First-Order and Second-Order Discrete-Time Systems, Examples of Time- and Frequency-Domain Analysis of Systems,

Sampling: Representation of a Continuous-Time Signal by Its Samples - Sampling Theorem, Reconstruction of a Signal from Its Samples Using Interpolation. Effect of under sampling: Aliasing, Discrete-Time Processing of Continuous-Time Signals.

UNIT V

Laplace and z-Transforms: The Laplace Transform. The Region of Convergence for Laplace Transforms, The Inverse Laplace Transform, Geometric Evaluation of the Fourier Transform from the Pole-Zero Plot, Properties of the Laplace Transform, Some Laplace Transform Pairs, Analysis and Characterization of LTI Systems Using the Laplace Transform, System Function Algebra and Block Diagram Representations, Unilateral Laplace Transform, The Z-Transform - Region of Convergence for the z-Transform, The Inverse z-Transform, Geometric Evaluation of the Fourier Transform from the Pole-Zero Plot, Properties of the z-Transform, Some Common z-Transform Pairs, Analysis and Characterization of LTI Systems Using z-Transforms, System Function Algebra and Block Diagram Representations, Unilateral z-Transforms.

Text Books:

1. Alan V. Oppenheim, Alan S. Willsky, & S. Hamid, "Signals and Systems," Pearson Higher Education, 2nd Ed., 1997.
2. B.P. Lathi, "Principles of LINEAR SYSTEMS and SIGNALS," Oxford Univ. Press, Second Edition International version, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. Simon Haykin and B. Van Veen, "Signals & Systems," John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2003.
2. M. E. Van Valkenburg, Network Analysis, PHI Publications, 3rd Edition, 2000.
3. Luis F. Chaparro, "Signals and Systems using MATLAB," Academic Press, 2011.
4. Narayana Iyer, "Signals and Systems," CENGAGE Learning, 2011.
5. Michel J. Robert, "Fundamentals of Signals and Systems," MGH International Edition, 2008.
6. C. L. Philips, J. M. Parr and Eve A. Riskin, "Signals, Systems and Transforms," Pearson education, 4th Edition, 2008.

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(13A04303) SWITCHING THEORY AND LOGIC DESIGN**Course Objective:**

- To provide fundamental concepts used in the design of digital systems and learn the methods for the design of digital circuits.

Learning Outcome:

- To introduce basic postulates of Boolean algebra and the methods for simplifying Boolean expressions
- To illustrate the concepts and study the procedures for the analysis and design of combinational circuits and sequential circuits
- To introduce the concepts of programmable logic devices.

UNIT I**NUMBER SYSTEM & BOOLEAN ALGEBRA**

Digital systems, Binary Numbers, Number base conversions, Complements of numbers, Signed binary numbers, Binary codes. Boolean Algebra-Basic definition, Basic theorems and properties, Boolean Functions, Canonical & Standard forms, Other logic operations & Logic gates.

UNIT II**GATE LEVEL MINIMIZATION**

The map method, four variable, K-map, Five variable map, POS & SOP Simplification, Don't care conditions, NAND & NOR Implementation, Other two level Implementation, Ex-or Function, Tabular Method- Simplification of Boolean function using tabulation Method.

UNIT III**ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS OF COMBINATIONAL CIRCUITS:**

Combinational circuits, Analysis & Design procedure, Binary Adder-subtractor, Decimal Adder, Binary Multiplier, Magnitude comparator, Decoder, Encoders, Multiplexers.

UNIT IV**ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS OF SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS:**

Sequential Circuits, Latches Flips-Flops, Analysis of Clocked sequential circuits, State Reduction & Assignment, Design procedure, Registers & Counters – Registers, Shift Registers, Ripple Counters, Synchronous counters, other counters.

UNIT V**Asynchronous sequential Logic & Programmable Memories**

Introduction, Analysis Procedure, Circuits with Latches, Design Procedure, Reduction of State flow tables, Race-free State Assignment, Hazards. Random Access Memory, Memory Decoding Error detection and correction, ROM, PLA, PAL.

Text Books:

- M.Morris Mano & Michel D. Ciletti, "Digital Design", Pearson, 5th Edition.
- Zvi Kohavi and Nirah K.Jha, "Switching theory and Finite Automata Theory", Cambridge, 3rd Edition

Reference Books:

- Subratha Goshal, "Digital Electronics", Cambridge.
- Comer, "Digital & State Machine Design", Third Indian edition, OXFORD.

(13A04304) PROBABILITY THEORY & STOCHASTIC PROCESSES

Course Objective:

- To understand the concepts of a Random Variable and operations that may be performed on a single Random variable.
- To understand the concepts of Multiple Random Variables and operations that may be performed on Multiple Random variables.
- To understand the concepts of Random Process and Temporal & Spectral characteristics of Random Processes.

Learning Outcome:

- A student will able to determine the temporal and spectral characteristics of random signal response of a given linear system.

UNIT I

Probability: Probability introduced through Sets and Relative Frequency: Experiments and Sample Spaces, Discrete and Continuous Sample Spaces, Events, Probability Definitions and Axioms, Mathematical Model of Experiments, Probability as a Relative Frequency, Joint Probability, Conditional Probability, Total Probability, Bays' Theorem, Independent Events:

The Random Variable : Definition of a Random Variable, Conditions for a Function to be a Random Variable, Discrete and Continuous, Mixed Random Variable, Distribution and Density functions, Properties, Binomial, Poisson, Uniform, Gaussian, Exponential, Raleigh, Conditional Distribution, Methods of defining Conditioning Event, Conditional Density, Properties.

UNIT II

Multiple Random Variables: Vector Random Variables, Joint Distribution Function, Properties of Joint Distribution, Marginal Distribution Functions, Conditional Distribution and Density – Point Conditioning, Conditional Distribution and Density – Interval conditioning, Statistical Independence, Sum of Two Random Variables, Sum of Several Random Variables, Central Limit Theorem, (Proof not expected). Unequal Distribution, Equal Distributions.

Operations on Multiple Random Variables: Expected Value of a Function of Random Variables, Joint Moments about the Origin, Joint Central Moments, Joint Characteristic Functions, Jointly Gaussian Random Variables: Two Random Variables case, N Random Variable case, Properties, Transformations of Multiple Random Variables, Linear Transformations of Gaussian Random Variables.

UNIT III

Random Processes – Temporal Characteristics: The Random Process Concept, Classification of Processes, Deterministic and Nondeterministic Processes, Distribution and Density Functions, concept of Stationarity and Statistical Independence. First-Order Stationary Processes, Second- Order and Wide-Sense Stationarity, (N-Order) and Strict-Sense Stationarity, Time Averages and Ergodicity, Mean-Ergodic Processes, Correlation-Ergodic Processes, Autocorrelation Function and Its Properties, Cross-Correlation Function and its Properties, Covariance Functions, Gaussian Random Processes, Poisson Random Process.

UNIT IV

Random Processes – Spectral Characteristics: The Power Spectrum: Properties, Relationship between Power Spectrum and Autocorrelation Function, The Cross-Power Density Spectrum, Properties, Relationship between Cross-Power Spectrum and Cross-Correlation Function.

UNIT V

Linear Systems with Random Inputs: Random Signal Response of Linear Systems: System Response – Convolution, Mean and Mean-squared Value of System Response, autocorrelation Function of Response, Cross-Correlation Functions of Input and Output, Spectral Characteristics of System Response: Power Density Spectrum of Response, Cross-Power Density Spectrums of Input and Output, Band pass, Band-Limited and Narrowband Processes, Properties.

Text Books:

1. Peyton Z. Peebles, “Probability, Random Variables & Random Signal Principles”, TMH, 4th Edition, 2001.
2. Athanasios Papoulis and S. Unnikrishna Pillai, “Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Processes”, PHI, 4th Edition, 2002.

Reference Books:

1. R.P. Singh and S.D. Sapre, “Communication Systems Analog & Digital”, TMH, 1995.
Henry Stark and John W. Woods, “Probability and Random Processes with Application to Signal Processing”, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition.
2. George R. Cooper, Clave D. MC Gillem, “Probability Methods of Signal and System Analysis”, Oxford, 3rd Edition, 1999.
3. S.P. Eugene Xavier, “Statistical Theory of Communication”, New Age Publications, 2003.
4. B.P. Lathi, “Signals, Systems & Communications”, B.S. Publications, 2003.

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3**(13A02303) ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY****Course Objective:**

- This course introduces the concepts of three phase circuits and basics of the DC and AC Machines which facilitates to study of the performance of Generators, motors, Transformers etc.

UNIT I**THREE PHASE CIRCUITS**

Phase Sequence- Star and Delta Connection-Relation Between Line and Phase Voltages and Currents in Balanced Systems-Analysis of Balanced Three Phase Circuits- Measurement of Active and Reactive Power in Balanced and Unbalanced Three Phase Systems. Analysis of Three Phase Unbalanced Circuits-Loop Method- Application of Millman's Theorem- Star Delta Transformation Technique – Two Wattmeter Method of Measurement of Three Phase Power.

UNIT II**DC MACHINES**

DC Generators : Principle of Operation of DC Machines, EMF Equation, Types of Generators, Magnetization and Load Characteristics of DC Generators.

DC Motors : DC Motors, Types of Motors, Characteristics of DC Motors, Losses and Efficiency, Swinburne's Test, Speed Control of DC Shunt Motor, Flux and Armature Voltage Control Methods.

UNIT III**TRANSFORMERS**

Principle of Operation of Single Phase Transformers-Types - Constructional Details. Emf Equation - Operation on No Load and On Load - Phasor Diagrams. Equivalent Circuit, Losses and Efficiency, Regulation. OC and SC Tests - Predetermination of Efficiency and Regulation (Simple Problems)

UNIT IV**3-PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS**

Polyphase Induction Motors-Construction Details of Cage and Wound Rotor Machines-Production of a Rotating Magnetic Field - Principle of Operation – Slip - Rotor Emf and Rotor Frequency - Rotor Reactance, Rotor Current and Pf at Standstill and During Operation. Torque Equation- - Expressions for Maximum Torque and Starting Torque - Torque Slip Characteristic

UNIT V**SYNCHRONOUS GENERATORS**

Principle And Constructional Features of Salient Pole and Round Rotor Machines – Pitch, Distribution, Winding Factors – E.M.F Equation- Synchronous Reactance and Impedance – Experimental Determination – Phasor Diagram – Load Characteristics. Voltage Regulation Methods – E.M.F Method.

Text Books:

1. *Basic Electrical Engineering* by D P KOTHARI & I J NAGRATH, Tata McGraw Hill, Second Edition, 2007.
2. *Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology* by JOHN BIRD, Routledge publisher, 4th Edition, 2011.

Reference Books:

1. *Electrical & Electronic Technology* by Edward Hughes, 10th Edition, Pearson, 2008.

(13A02304) ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LAB

PART-A

1. Verification of KVL And KCL.
2. Serial and Parallel Resonance – Timing, Resonant Frequency, Bandwidth and Q-Factor Determination for RLC Network.
3. Time Response of First Order RC/RL Network for Periodic Non-Sinusoidal Inputs – Time Constant and Steady State Error Determination.
4. Two Port Network Parameters – Z-Y Parameters, Chain Matrix and Analytical Verification.
5. Two Port Network Parameters – ABCD and H-Parameters.
6. Verification of Superposition and Reciprocity Theorems.
7. Verification of Maximum Power Transfer Theorem. Verification on DC, Verification on AC with Resistive and Reactive Loads.
8. Experimental Determination of Thevenin's and Norton's Equivalent Circuits and Verification by Direct Test.
9. Constant – K Low Pass Filter and High Pass Filter

PART-B

1. Magnetization Characteristics of D.C.Shunt Generator. Determination of Critical Field Resistance.
2. Swinburne's Test on DC Shunt Machine (Predetermination of Efficiency of a Given DC Shunt Machine Working as Motor and Generator).
3. Brake Test on DC Shunt Motor. Determination of Performance Characteristics.
4. OC & SC Tests on Single-Phase Transformer (Predetermination of Efficiency and Regulation at Given Power Factors and Determination of Equivalent Circuit).
5. Load Test on Single Phase Transformer.

Note: Any 12 of the above Experiments are to be conducted

(13A04305) ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS LABORATORY**Course Objective:**

- This Lab provides the students to get an electrical model for various semiconductor devices. Students can find and plot V-I characteristics of all semiconductor devices. Student learns the practical applications of the devices. They can learn and implement the concept of the feedback and frequency response of the small signal amplifier

Learning Outcome:

- Students able to learn electrical model for various semiconductor devices and learns the practical applications of the semiconductor devices

PART A: Electronic Workshop Practice

1. Identification, Specifications, Testing of R, L, C Components (Colour Codes), Potentiometers, Coils, Gang Condensers, Relays, Bread Boards.
2. Identification, Specifications and Testing of active devices, Diodes, BJTs, JFETs, LEDs, LCDs, SCR, UJT.
3. Soldering Practice- Simple circuits using active and passive components.
4. Study and operation of Ammeters, Voltmeters, Transformers, Analog and Digital Multimeter, Function Generator, Regulated Power Supply and CRO.

PART B: List of Experiments**(For Laboratory Examination-Minimum of Ten Experiments)**

1. P-N Junction Diode Characteristics
Part A: Germanium Diode (Forward bias & Reverse bias)
Part B: Silicon Diode (Forward bias only)
2. Zener Diode Characteristics
Part A: V-I Characteristics
Part B: Zener Diode act as a Voltage Regulator
3. Rectifiers (without and with c-filter)
Part A: Half-wave Rectifier
Part B: Full-wave Rectifier
4. BJT Characteristics(CE Configuration)
Part A: Input Characteristics
Part B: Output Characteristics
5. FET Characteristics(CS Configuration)
Part A: Drain (Output) Characteristics
Part B: Transfer Characteristics
6. SCR Characteristics
7. UJT Characteristics
8. Transistor Biasing
9. CRO Operation and its Measurements
10. BJT-CE Amplifier
11. Emitter Follower-CC Amplifier
12. FET-CS Amplifier

PART C: Equipment required for Laboratory

1. Regulated Power supplies
2. Analog/Digital Storage Oscilloscopes
3. Analog/Digital Function Generators
4. Digital Multimeters

5. Decade Résistance Boxes/Rheostats
6. Decade Capacitance Boxes
7. Ammeters (Analog or Digital)
8. Voltmeters (Analog or Digital)
9. Active & Passive Electronic Components
10. Bread Boards
11. Connecting Wires
12. CRO Probes etc.

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B.Tech. II - I Sem.**(13A52301) HUMAN VALUES & PROFESSIONAL ETHICS (AUDIT COURSE)****Course Objective:**

This course deals with professional ethics which includes moral issues and virtues, social responsibilities of an engineer, right, qualities of Moral Leadership.

UNIT I**ENGINEERING ETHICS**

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of Moral Issues – Types of Inquiry – Moral Dilemmas – Moral Autonomy – Kohlberg's Theory – Gilligan's Theory – Consensus and Controversy – Professions and Professionalism – Professional Ideals and Virtues – Uses of Ethical Theories

UNIT II**ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION**

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as Responsible Experimenters – Research Ethics – Codes of Ethics – Industrial Standards – A Balanced Outlook on Law – The Challenger Case Study

UNIT III**ENGINEER'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY**

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk – Risk Benefit Analysis – Reducing Risk – The Government Regulator's Approach to Risk – Chernobyl Case Studies and Bhopal

UNIT IV**RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS**

Collegiality and Loyalty – Respect for Authority – Collective Bargaining – Confidentiality– Conflicts of Interest – Occupational Crime – Professional Rights – Employee Rights –Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) – Discrimination

UNIT V**GLOBAL ISSUES**

Multinational Corporations – Business Ethics – Environmental Ethics – Computer Ethics - Role in Technological Development – Weapons Development – Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers – Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors – Honesty –Moral Leadership – Sample Code of Conduct

Text Books:

1. Mike Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", McGraw Hill, New York 2005.
2. Charles E Harris, Michael S Pritchard and Michael J Rabins, "Engineering Ethics – Concepts and Cases", Thompson Learning, 2000.

Reference Books:

1. Charles D Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall, New Mexico, 1999.
2. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, 2003.
3. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, 2001.
4. Prof. (Col) P S Bajaj and Dr. Raj Agrawal, "Business Ethics – An Indian Perspective", Biztantra, New Delhi, 2004.
5. David Ermann and Michele S Shauf, "Computers, Ethics and Society", Oxford University Press, 2003.